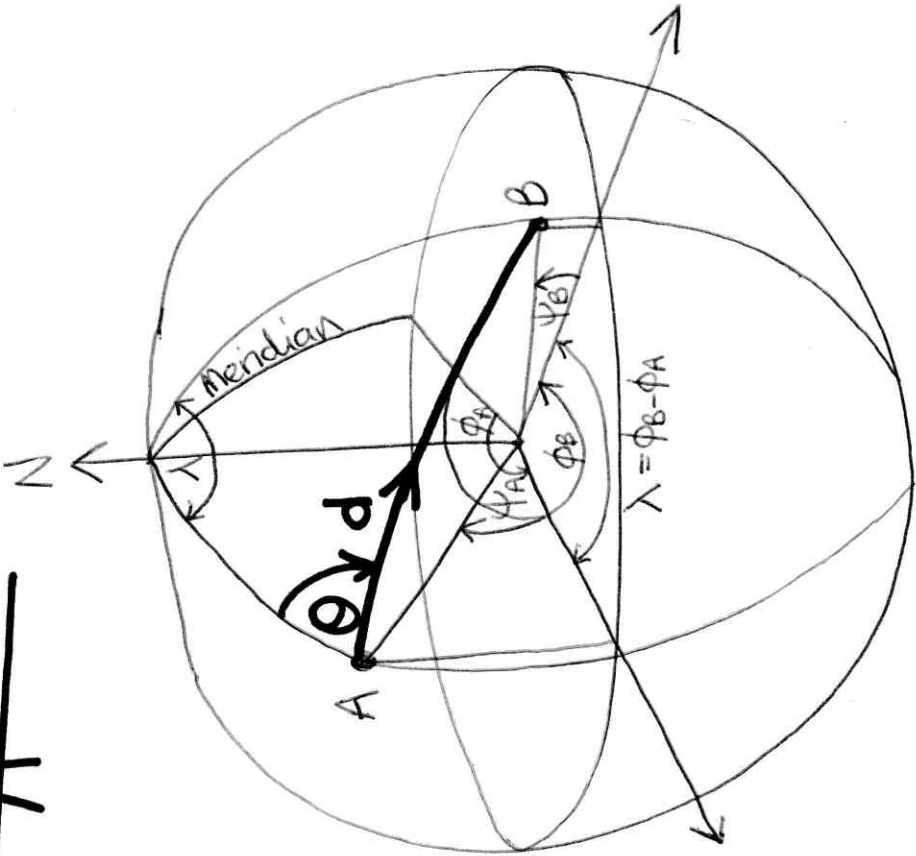
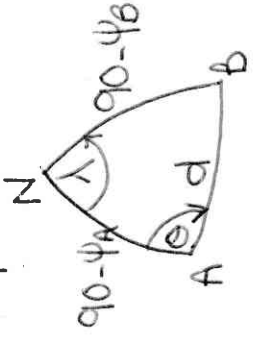


Waypoint



Spherical laws of Cosines



$$\frac{\cos(90 - \psi_B)}{\sin \psi_B} = \frac{\cos(90 - \psi_A)}{\sin \psi_A} \cos(d) + \frac{\sin(90 - \psi_A)}{\cos(\psi_A)} \sin(d) \cos(\theta)$$

Latitude $\psi_B = \sin^{-1} \left(\sin \psi_A \cos(d) + \cos \psi_A \sin(d) \cos \theta \right)$

$$\cos(d) = \frac{\cos(90 - \psi_A)}{\sin \psi_A} \cos(90 - \psi_B) + \frac{\sin(90 - \psi_A)}{\cos \psi_A} \sin(90 - \psi_B) \cos(\lambda)$$

Spherical laws of Sines

$$\frac{\sin \lambda}{\sin d} = \frac{\sin \theta}{\sin(90 - \psi_B)} \cos \psi_B$$

$$\sin \lambda = \frac{\sin \theta \sin(d)}{\cos \psi_B}$$

$$\tan(\lambda) = \frac{\sin(\lambda)}{\cos(\lambda)} = \frac{\sin \theta \sin(d)}{\cos \psi_B} \times \frac{\cos \psi_A}{\cos \psi_A}$$

$$\frac{\cos(d) - \sin \psi_A \sin \psi_B}{\cos \psi_A \cdot \cos \psi_B}$$

$$\tan(\lambda) = \frac{\sin \theta \cdot \sin(d) \cdot \cos(\psi_A)}{\cos(d) - \sin \psi_A \sin \psi_B}$$

Longitude $\phi_B = \phi_A + \lambda$ where